

April 6, 2017 FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

## TIMOTHY HURSLEY: TAINTED LENS

May 4 – June 10, 2017 Opening Reception: Thursday, May 4, 6 - 8 p.m. 547 West 27<sup>th</sup> St., Suite 207, New York

Garvey | Simon is pleased to present *Timothy Hursley: Tainted Lens*, an exhibition of the fine art works of this sought-after architectural photographer. His body of commissioned work includes Philip Johnson's AT&T building; Yoshio Taniguchi's MoMA; Frank Gehry's Guggenheim museum in Bilbao, Spain as well as his California Aerospace Museum; and both I.M. Pei's Rock and Roll Hall of Fame in Cleveland and his Miho Museum in Shigaraki, Japan. More recently he has been engaged by virtuosos such as Moshe Safdie and Marlon Blackwell. But it is the work that Hursley does in between assignments, while roaming around cities and more frequently on long drives throughout the rural south and other parts of the country, that Garvey | Simon is highlighting. With a few exceptions, the works on view have been neither previously exhibited nor published.

The selections have been culled from several series born of Hursley's ramblings, including his photographs of the brothels of Nevada – the subject of a book published in 2003 by Princeton Architectural Press, as well as an exhibition in 1990 at the OK Harris Gallery in New York—the first and only time until now that his work has been exhibited in a gallery. These gentle narratives, in which the women are notably absent, bear no hint of judgment. "The photographs are stronger without people," Hursley said. "They are like footprints of a subculture." *In Desert Dollhouse*, a partial view of a bedroom dimly lit with a greenish glow is offset by a group of ordinary kitchen timers atop a utility cabinet outside the room, at once a reminder of both the unique nature of the business at hand, and its role as ordinary commerce. When Hursley stumbled upon another brothel, Bobbie's Buckeye Bar, the owner would not let him in. Left to contemplate the outside, Hursley found a composition in which the running white fence symbolized customers entering the pink brothel and "then coming out tainted red," he explained.





Timothy Hursley, Desert Dollhouse, Nevada, 1987/1990, dye-transfer print, ed. 7, 16 1/2 x 21 in.

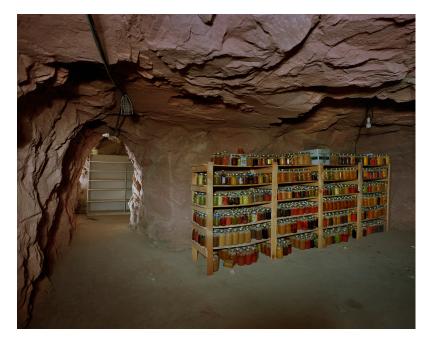


Timothy Hursley, Bobbie's Buckeye Bar, Tonopah, Nevada, 1987/1990, dye transfer print, ed. 5, 16 1/2 x 21 in.

Again out west, this time in Utah as the trial had just begun for convicted felon Warren Jeffs, the former leader of the Fundamentalist Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (FLDS), Hursley found himself wondering what the architecture of polygamy looks like.



An apostate brought Hursley to the FLDS cave in Hildale, Utah, a stronghold of polygamy, where he photographed the eerie interior and a new series was launched.



Timothy Hursley, Fundamentalist Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (FLDS) Cave, Hildale, Utah, 2007, c-print mounted on Dibond, ed. 5, 28 x 34 in.

A quad of photos and a time lapse video of a dilapidated silo in Hale County, Alabama are the subject of the Oxford America video, SoLost: The Beauty of a Broken Silo. Photographed from different angles, the bent and rusted structure radiates a heartrending anthropomorphism.



Timothy Hursley, Alabama Silo, Hale County, Alabama, 2008, c-print mounted on Dibond, ed. 5, 23 1/2 x 60 in.

Hale County looms large in Hursley's career as the site of an earlier series of



photographs for Auburn University's Rural Studio, an ongoing project founded in 1993 by architecture professors Samuel Mockbee and D.K. Ruth in which students design and build homes for an underserved population. Hursley is the ongoing project's photographer of record. His work for the project is the subject of three books, also published by Princeton Architectural Press, the latest being Rural Studio at Twenty (2014).

Closer to his home in Little Rock, Arkansas, Hursley stumbled upon two beaten up white hearses that triggered a new fascination with rundown funeral homes that dot the rural landscapes of the deep south. In one curiously intriguing image, Train Ride-Vicksburg, Mississippi, 2014/2016, two coffins sit on either side of a nearly room-size toy train track. For Hursley, the scene – odd, yet ordinary, is an analogy of the human condition – traveling through life to our inexorable ends.

And perhaps most curious for an artist attracted to scenes of obscurity, are his series of photographs of the legendary Andy Warhol's last factory in the early 1980's. The studio spaces were still raw at the time recalls Hursley: "There was a lot of junk around so I decided to roam around the space and start documenting what was there." Eventually Hursley enticed Warhol to come down to the cavernous space where he snapped an extraordinary photo in which a blue jeans and black turtleneck clad Warhol stands against the abstract geometry of the white space illuminated by a distant doorway awash in an industrial shade of green. Later, following Warhol's death, Hursley shot photos in the artist's townhouse while his belongings were being readied for auction at Sotheby's. Amidst the strewn cartons was one that contained a haphazard mix of mail, fabric and magazines of no particular interest except one item – one of Warhol's wigs – indiscriminately tossed on top of the jumble. Hursley's still life of sorts, Warhol Wig, 1987/1992 disarms in its juxtaposition of the symbol of eccentric counterculture and quotidian detritus.





Timothy Hursley, Warhol Wig, 1987/1992, ed. 4, dye transfer print, 16 1/2 x 21 in.



Timothy Hursley, Andy Warhol, Factory Basement, Madison Avenue at 34th Street, New York, 1983, c-print mounted on Dibond, ed. 5, 21 1/2 x 26 in.

**Timothy Hursley**, born in Detroit in 1955, the fifth of nine children with no formal training as a fine artist, is a prodigy. As a teenager of 16 years old, Hursley did yard work and odd jobs for a neighbor, Balthazar Korab, a pioneer in modern architectural photography. Within months, Hursley moved indoors and began a nine-year



apprenticeship with Korab. In 1979, while still an apprentice, a 23-year-old Hursley photographed Detroit's Renaissance Center. MOMA requested one of these photos that went on to become the cover catalog, poster and invitation for the museum's Transformations of Modern Architecture exhibit. A different image of the Renaissance center remains in the collection of MOMA's graphic design study department. Another Hursley photograph that has garnered attention is of Arata Isozaki's 1985 Manhattan discotheque, the Palladium, that the New York Times called "one of the most remarkable pieces of interior architecture in New York." Hursley's equally remarkable photograph captures the then startling use of video screens as part of the art and architecture as well as a full-color mural by Keith Haring that comprises the entire back wall of the stage. The mural has since been destroyed making Hursley's photograph an important visual record of the space and Haring's work. In 2004, Hursley was commissioned to photograph the MOMA's major expansion designed by Yoshio Taniguchi. At the completion of the commission in 2006, Hursley gifted an image to MOMA which Director Glenn D. Lowry hung in his office. "For all I know," says Hursley, "it may still be there."

In 1981 Hursley moved to Little Rock, Arkansas and opened his own business, The Arkansas Office. He has been there ever since where he lives with his wife of 26 years, Jeanie Lockeby. For a man that has traveled all over the world, it is notable that he has lived in two places. "I guess I'm kind of conservative," he notes.

For further information and to see more images, please visit <u>Garvey Simon</u> or contact Elizabeth Garvey at <u>liz@garveysimon.com</u> or 646-869-7637.